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Office of Congressman Dennis Kucinich

Briefing Outline
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- A. There are only two types of money:
 - a. Public Money
 - b. Debt Money

- B. Under the Debt Money System, someone has to keep borrowing to provide a sufficient money supply for growing economies.

- C. That “someone” must be the Government. Thus, a balanced budget does not work for the national government. Persistent borrowing eventually leads to a debt crisis. Raising the debt ceiling is like providing a painkiller without an operation.

- D. A debt crisis is an impasse, leading to one of three scenarios:
 - a. Default
 - b. Financial Meltdown
 - c. Hyperinflation

- E. To avoid an impasse, debt must be reduced, either by spending less or taxing more.

- F. This debt reduction policy, however, triggers:
 - a. Recession and Unemployment
 - b. Social Disorder and Turmoil (like Greece)

CONCLUSION: The current Debt Money system is a dead-end.

- G. Public Money as proposed by the American Monetary Act:
 - a. The government issues money (not bank notes from banks)
 - b. 100% Fractional Reserve (no credit money)
 - c. Constant increase in Public Money as a Public Utility

- H. Under the Public Money System, current government debt can be gradually reduced **without** recession, unemployment or inflation.

- I. A Public Money Policy becomes simpler than Keynesian Policies:
 - a. Recession and Unemployment → Increase public money
 - b. Inflation → Decrease public money

CONCLUSION: the Public Money System is worth being implemented

- J. The National Emergency Employment Defense “NEED” Act (HR 6550 in 111th Congress) fully incorporates the Public Money System.